MELISSA Waste Recycling with Plant Production

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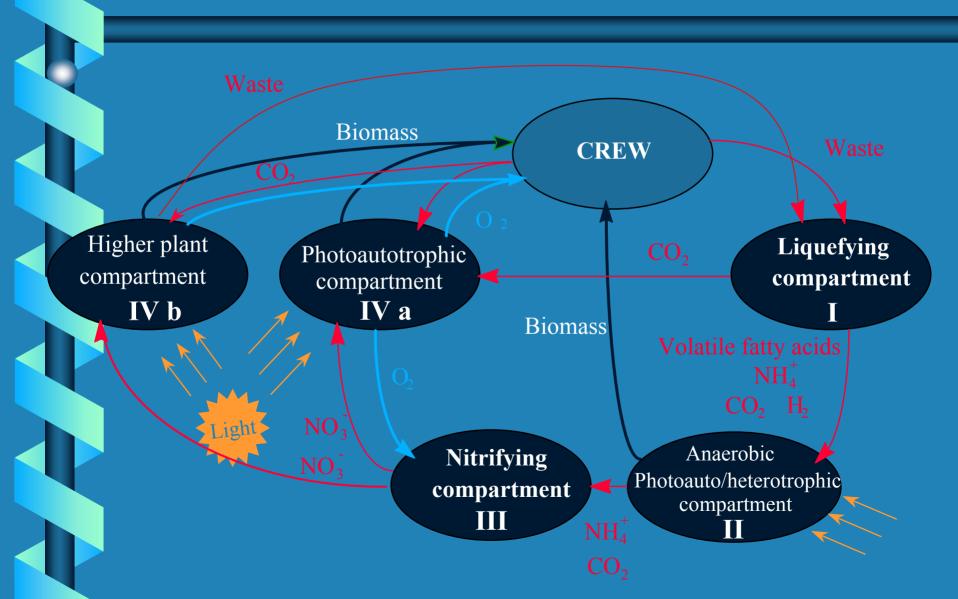


• The Concept:

- MELISSA conceived as a micro-organisms and higher plant based Life Support system,
- Goals are the recovery of Food, Water and Oxygen from Waste and CO2
- Global approach of the Life Support requirements
- Engineering approach of the Bio-processes,



MELISSA Concept





History:

- Project started in 1989 from the industry
- 1991 creation of the ESA Laboratory,
- 1993 signature a M.O.U. between partners,
- 1995 Inauguration of the MELISSA Pilot Plant,
- 1997 First Study for a space experiment
- 1998 first continuous test with 3 linked compartments,
- 2000 Two compartments connected at Pilot scale.



The MELISSA partners:

- EPAS/University of Ghent (B),
- VITO/SCK, Mol (B),
- IBP/CNRS (F),
- ADERSA (F),
- University of Clermont Ferrand (F),
- Autonome University of Barcelona (E),
- University of Guelph (CND),
- ESA.



Objectives of the Project:

- Ground Demonstration of the Complete Loop,
- Preliminary Flight experiments,
- Preparation of an European Participation for future International manned space missions
- Integration of Associated Technology,
- Collaboration with terrestrial industry and technology transfer.



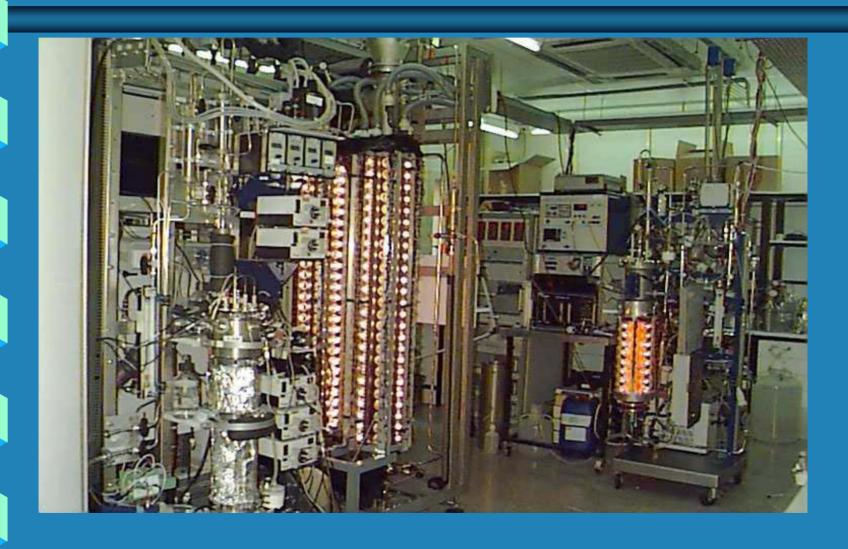
Future technical Milestones:

- 2000 Connection of 2 compartments at pilot scale,
- 2002 Connection of 3 compartments,
- 2004 Preliminary flight experiment,
- 2005 Closure of the Loop with a consumer.



The MELISSA Pilot plant







The nitrifying compartment





• Conclusion

- MELISSA Concept has been scientifically and technically demonstrated,
- Funds are partially identified for ground research and for preliminary flight experiments,
- There is a clear need to continue the ground research with the MELISSA partners and International collaborations.

The MELISSA WEB page

http://extids.estec.esa.nl/melissa/