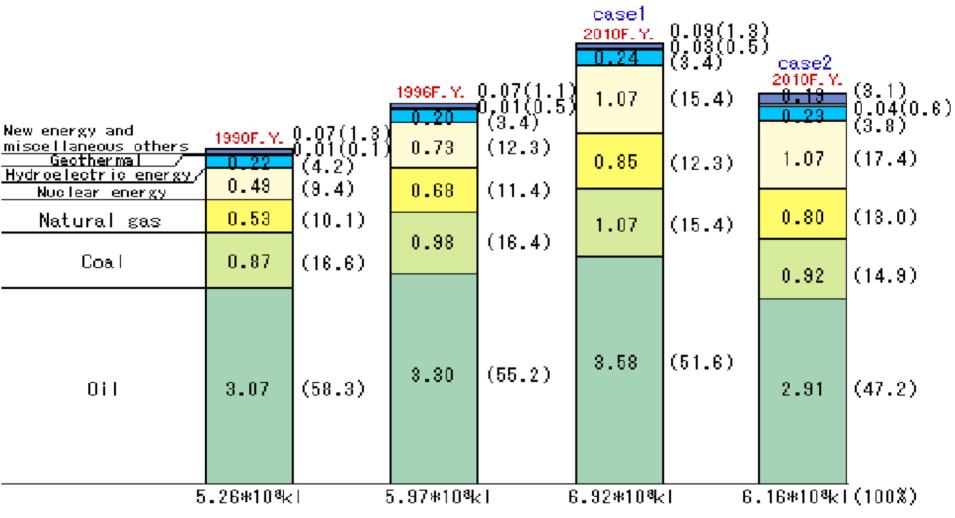
Long-term Outlook for Energy Supply and Demand. (from HP of NEDO http://www.nedo.go.jp)



Note:"New energy nad miscellaneous others" includes solar energy, oil sand, shale oil,alcoholbased fuels, oil from liquefied coal, pulp waste, firewood and charcoal. (Unit)
New energy and miscellaneous others…1 million kl
Coal…1 million t
Geothermal…1 million kl
Hydroelectric energy…1x10⁸kWh
Natural gas…1 million t
Nuclear energy…1x10⁸kWh

Rate of conversion into crude oil is 9,250kcal/L

0il…1 million kl

Outlook for New Energy Supply (from HP of NEDO http://www.nedo.go.jp)					
ITEM	.unit	1990	1996	2010	
				CASE1	CASE2
Photovoltaic	MW	9	57	230	5000
	mill.kL	0.002	0.014	0.060	1.220
Solar thermal energy	mill.kL	1.260	1.040	1.090	4.500
Wind power	MW	3	14	40	300
	mill.kL	0.001	0.006	0.020	0.125
Waste combustion	MW	480	890	2130	5000
	mill.kL	0.440	0.820	2.820	6.620
Heat from solid waste	mill.kL	0.037	0.044	0.120	0.140
Temp. difference energy	mill.kL	0.018	0.033	0.090	0.058
Heat from liquid waste	mill.kL	5.030	4.900	5.170	5.920

6.79

mill.kL

Total

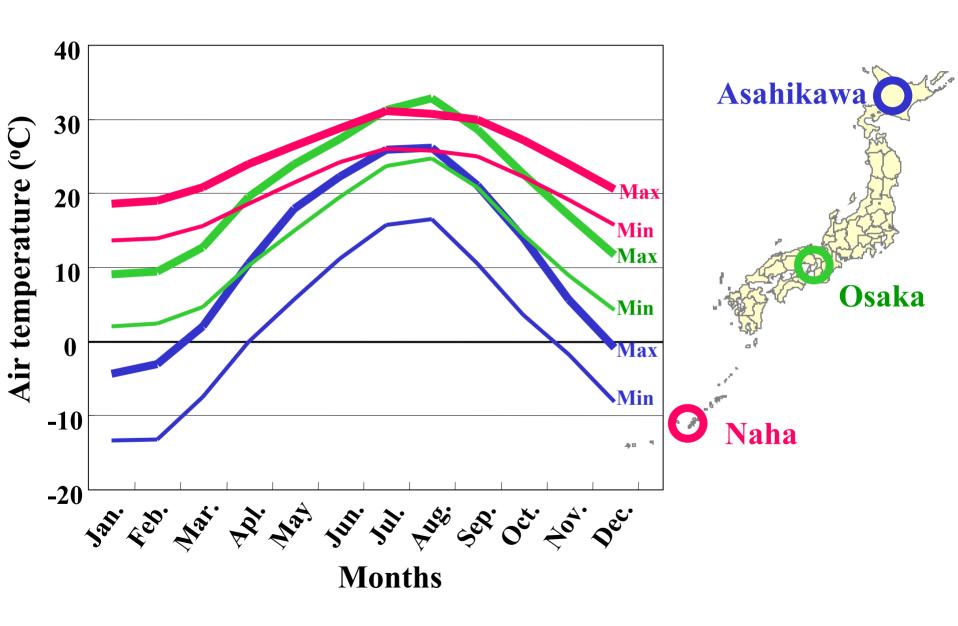
(Primary power supply)

9.40

(1.1%) (1.3%) (3.1%)

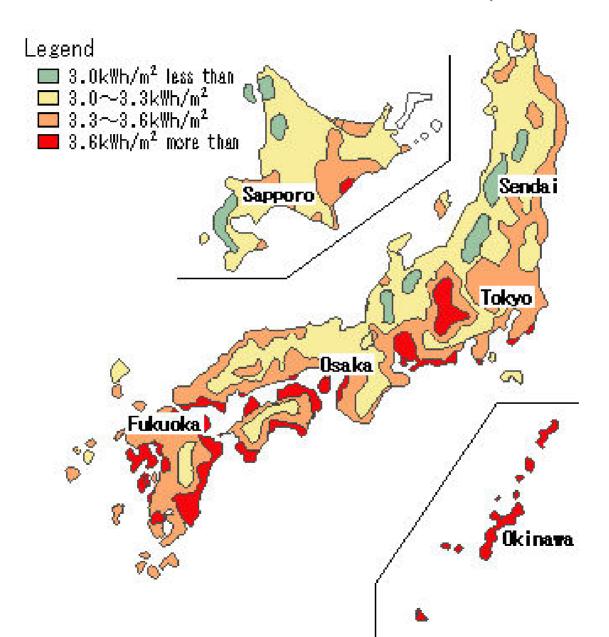
19.10

6.85



Irradiance map in Japan (daily average 1961-1990)

(from HP of NEDO http://www.nedo.go.jp)

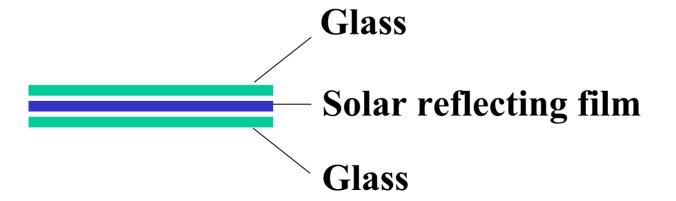


Current technologies for conserving and recycling energy in plant growth facilities in Japan

- Energy efficient lighting systems
- Utilization of cheap off-peak electricity
- Spacing systems for efficient use of plant culture space
- Air conditioners with inverter fan systems
- Combined systems with feedback and feedforward control systems
- Co-generation system
- Control of solar shading with shading screens or reflection glass for cooling
- Efficient ventilation systems for cooling
- Solar panel systems for heating with hot water
- Use of heat from waste combustion for heating
- Highly airtight and thermal insulation structure for reducing heat loss, etc.



(Koito Industries Ltd.)



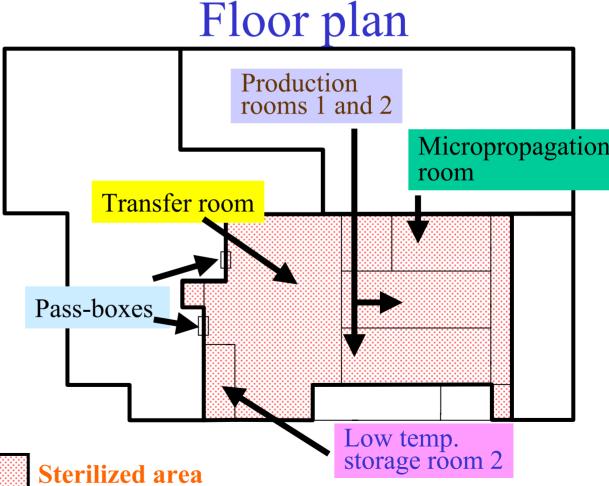
New technologies for conserving and recycling energy in plant growth facilities in the near future

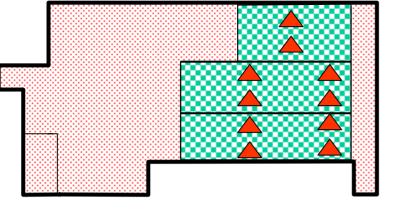
- Co-generation system with absorption chilling system
- Solar cell systems and other electric generation systems
- Use of ice-melting heat for cooling. The ice is made with discount electricity in the nighttime
- Use of newly developed autonomous response type dimming glass known as thermo-tropic glass for shading

Closed Transplant Production System at Chiba University

(by C. Chun and T. Kozai)







10 multi-layered "basic modules" in micropropagation room and production rooms

7 layers each module

(Chun and Kozai, 2000)



Fluorescent lamps

The least expensive light source



Enough PPF for transplant production High efficiency of "electrical energy to PPF"

Small amount of thermal radiation

Small size

No spectrum problem









by Mitsubishi Electric Co. and Morihisa Eng. Co.



Each culture bed: 1.8 x 4.5 m²

Layout of the beds: 8 shelves x 9

Yield: 1,500 plants/day

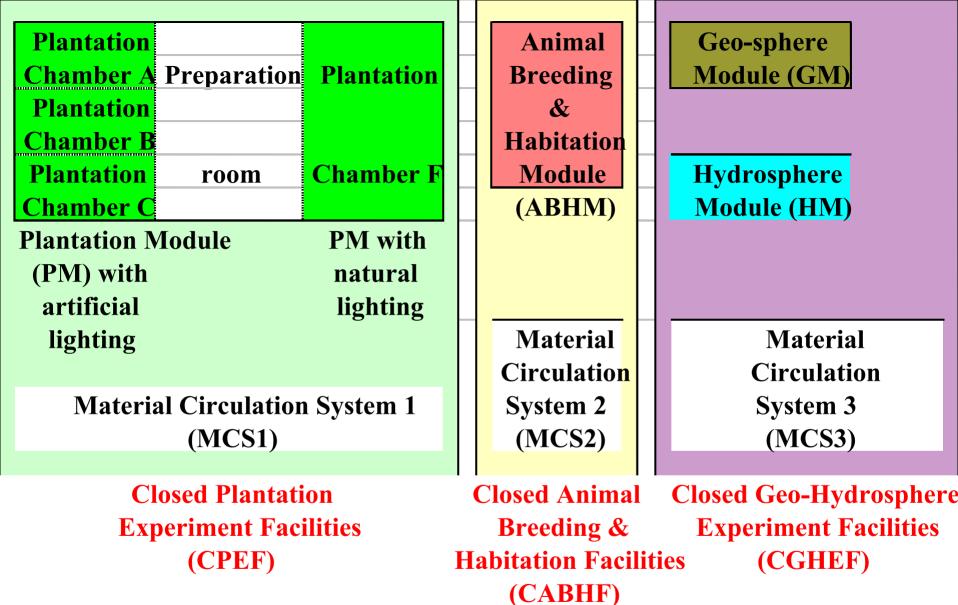


Closed Ecology Experiment Facilities

Institute for Environmental Sciences

(by Y. TAKO and K. NITTA)





Configuration of the Closed Ecology Experiment Facilities (CEEF). (Tako, 2001)

Biological and physicochemical systems in CEEF



Plantation system



Material Circulation System