







International Committee for Controlled Environment Guidelines

Conditions in controlled environment tissue culture facilities should be reported in detail. This is important to:

- Allow replication of experiments on plants
- Compare results among facilities
- Avoid artefacts due to uncontrolled variables

The table below indicates the type and amount of information that should be measured and reported to meet these aims.

What to measure for accurate reporting When to measure What to report PAR (400-700 nm, μmol m⁻² s⁻¹) and photoperiod (h) PAR: at start of experiment and every 4 weeks; Photoperiod: also at start Quantum sensor for photosynthetically active radiation (PAR) Air temperature (°C) At least once daily during light & dark Mean & standard periods; at least 1 h after changeovers deviation (SD) Resistance, thermocouple or thermistor sensor (aspirated) Atmospheric moisture (RH, %; or VPD, kPa) At least once daily during light & dark periods; at least 1 h after changeovers Capacitance or dewpoint sensor, psychrometer or IRGA Air circulation **Room & cabinet properties** Shelf properties Describe in Vessel specifications At start of experiment words ** Vessel alignment **Culture medium Number of explants** Atmospheric CO₂ concentration (μmol mol⁻¹) * Daily but only if CO₂ enrichment is installed Mean & standard within facility deviation (SD) IRGA (infrared gas analyser) Report if records are available, and always when it is a variable under investigation

- For details of what to describe see the reference below

For more advice on measurement and reporting, consult the brochure:

International Committee for Controlled Environment Guidelines (2008) Guidelines for measuring and reporting environmental parameters for experiments in plant tissue culture facilities.

Also available at http://ncr101.montana.edu/Guidelines/TC-guidelines.htm

The International Committee for Controlled Environment Guidelines includes representatives from the UK Controlled Environment Users' Group, the North American Committee on Controlled Environment Technology and Use (NCERA-101), and Australasian Controlled Environment Working Group (ACEWG).