

Phenomics 2.0 Where to now?

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How big is YOUR platform?

In the beginning there was.....

BIG SCIENCE and Cool Kit

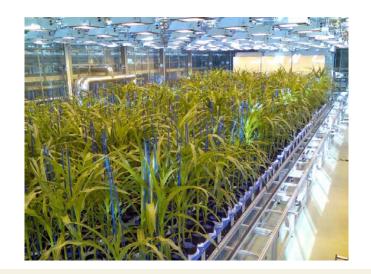
Platform envy:

"How many pots can you fit on YOUR belt?"

"I have a 10 Tesla magnet, how big is YOURS?"









Horses for Courses?

High Resolution Research Grade High Cost



Lower resolution
Fit for purpose
Low Cost





What is your science question?
Big monolithic platforms are NOT dead!



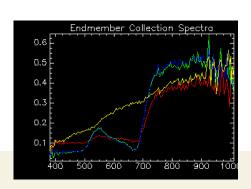
What is "new" about Phenomics Data?

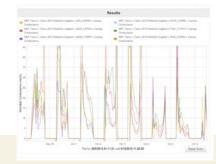


- BIG data: High throughput, high resolution, time resolved.
- Multimodal / multidimensional 4D, 5D nD.
- Non-destructive: we can follow many individuals over time

BUT

What is the best analytical platform to get the most from it?

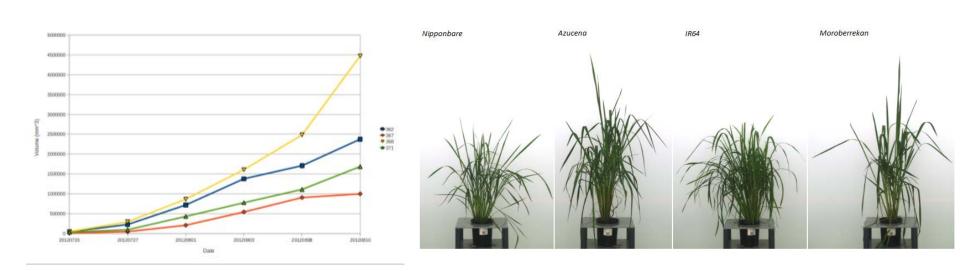


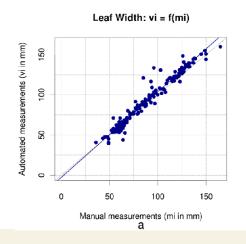


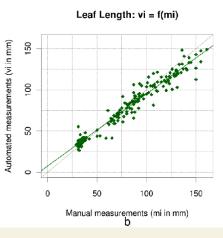


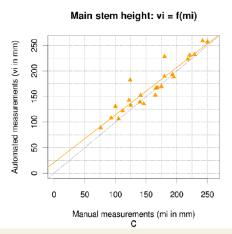


Time Series Data: What we do well



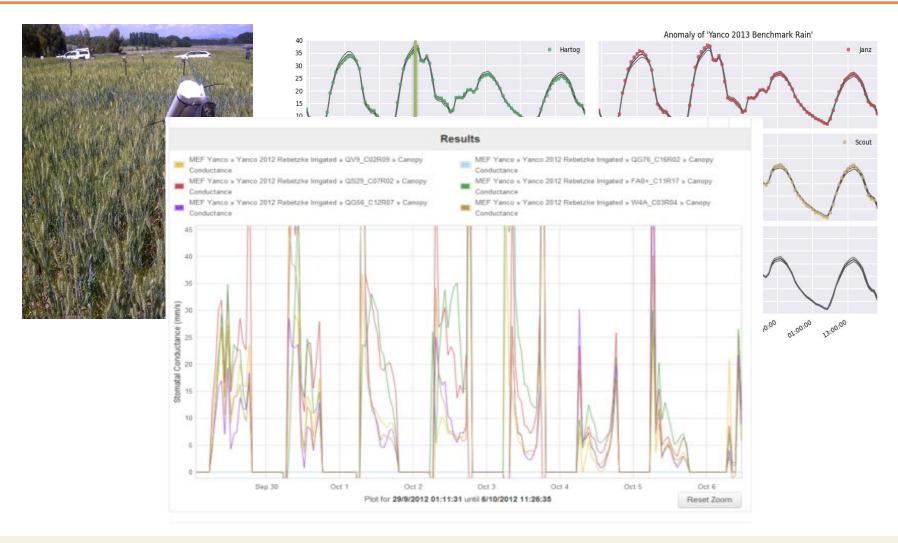








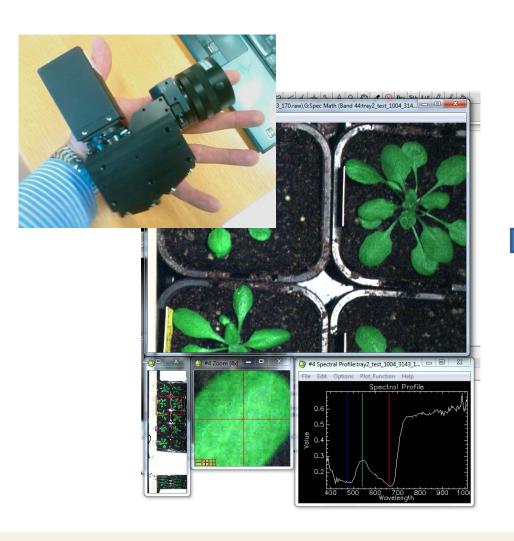
..and what we don't



Need new statistical approaches for time series data and enable dynamic QTL mapping



Approaches to multidimensional data









Visible

Red Edge

Red Edge: 680 – 780

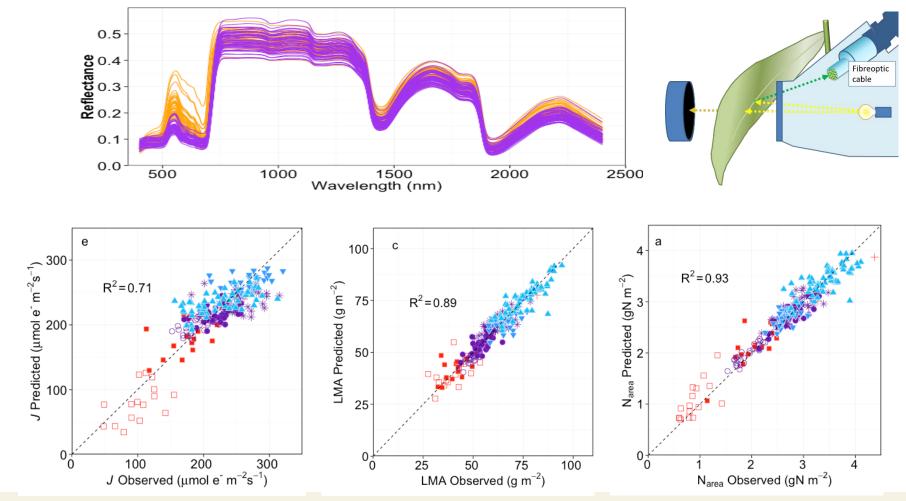
PRI: 531 - 570

NDVI etc:

red (650) / NIR (900-1200)



Machine Learning and Statistical Approaches: Trait Based Surrogates



Silva Perez 2016; also using in wheat, rice, sorghum



Spectral Models for Genetic Mapping

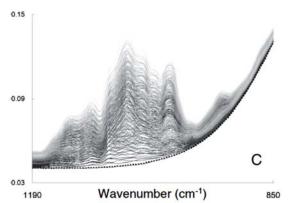
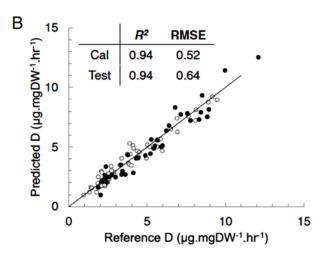
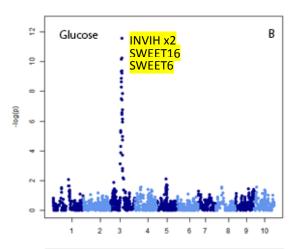


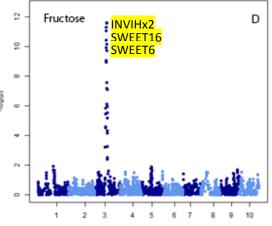
Figure 3 FTIR spectra of pure sugars, S. bicolor juice, and the PLS model calibration set. FTIR spectral fingerprint region



Sweet X Grain Sorghum RILS









Turning Data into Knowledge: A Truly 'Omics approach?



"We are like the early astronomers Bob....."



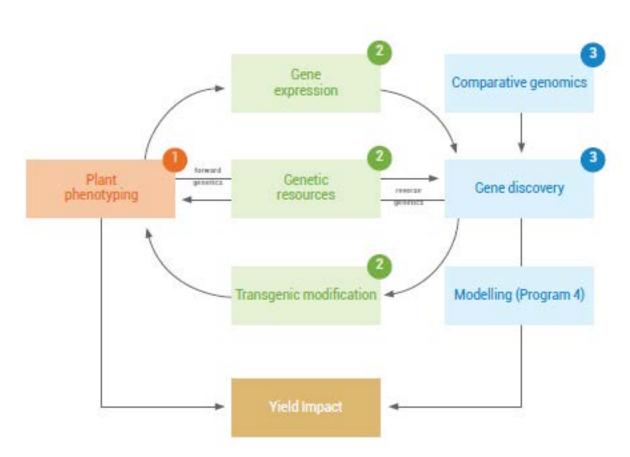
"Bob, I am going to project my data into 200 dimensional hyperspace"

Alex Ivakov

Should we shake off traditional trait-based surrogate approach in data analysis and map the digital data?



Show us your Phenes and Genes: Genome to Phenome / Phenome to Genome



Mining variation in photosynthetic performance in both C3 and C4 crops and model species for germplasm and genes by:

- Phenotypic screening for variation in photosynthetic traits
- Mining genome sequence for allelic variation in candidate genes



A Vision for In Silico Breeding?

