### Large High-Output LED Array for Plant Growth

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### **ORBITEC LED Plant Growth Room**





#### **Physical Characteristics**



Four arrays per room

Three rows of 5 panels, each row has independent control of red and blue light levels



#### Second generation LED panel



#### LED Panel v.1 42 red (640)/12 blue (460)

LED Panel v.2



#### **Physical Characteristics**



Each 3' x 5' array suspended from ceiling with hoist to control vertical position
Vertical travel range is from 1' to 10'





### **LED Panel Cooling Systems**



Individual LED panels in both systems have over-temperature protection



### **Electrical Characteristics**

#### Room #1

- •Light levels in excess of 1200 µmol m<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>.
- •Runs on 48VDC and uses a high efficiency (~95%) switching converter
- •Uses about 52 amps at 208VAC at full power:
  - •152 watts (3.17 amps @ 48VDC) per panel
    •2280 watts (47.5 amps @ 48VDC) per array
    •9120 watts (190 amps @ 48VDC) per room





#### **Operational Characteristics**





### **LED Panel Spectral Composition**





# Uniformity

10 ft x 12 ft plant growth roomMeasurements at 20 cm from arrayRed and blue light levels set to max





## **Uniformity Control**

Based on grid of nine measured points giving an average of about 740 µmol m<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>
Both graphs same scale





#### Leaf Temperature

#### Room air temperature-28°C

LED panel temperature set to maintain at about 34°C

	Plants under LEDs		Plants in same room not under light array	
Distance between plants and LED array	Light Level (µmol m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )	Leaf Temperature (ºC)	Light Level (µmol m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )	Leaf Temperature (ºC)
1 cm	1680	29.4	12	26.8
10 cm	1450	28.7	40	27.2
20 cm	1204	27.8	45	26.9
30 cm	1061	28.4	40	27.4



### **Potential Power Savings**

#### Walk-in chambers providing 1000 µmol m<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> PAR at canopy surface

Case Study	Lamp Type	"In situ" efficiency
ORBITEC plant production room	Red/Blue LEDs	1.231umol/m <sup>2</sup> sec per W/m <sup>2</sup>
High light growth chamber	HPS/MH mix	0.285umol/m2sec per W/m <sup>2</sup>
Kennedy Space Center Biomass Production Chamber	HPS	0.417umol/m <sup>2</sup> sec per W/m <sup>2</sup>



#### **Plant Appearance**



Photos of the same tobacco plant grown under (L>R) cool white fluorescent lamp, red/blue LED panel, and sunlight. (no flash used)





#### Observation

LED breakthrough into larger scale horticulture applications will require:

- Improvements in LED "chemistry"
  More wavelengths
  Higher output devices
  More electrically efficient devices
- •Improvements in LED mounting & packaging
  - •Effective heat sinking
  - •Reflectors
  - •Lenses
- Mass production
  Individual LED mounts
  - •LED arrays

